

# The Daily New Mexican

THE NEW MEXICAN PRINTING CO.

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The New Mexican is the oldest newspaper in New Mexico. It is sent every Postoffice in the Territory and has a large and growing circulation among the intelligent and progressive people of the southwest.

## ADVERTISING RATES.

Wanted—One cent a word each insertion. Ten cents per line each insertion. Reading Room—Preferred position—Twenty-five cents per line each insertion. Displayed—Two dollars an inch, single column, per month in advance. One dollar an inch, single column, in either English or Spanish Weekly. Additional prices and particulars given on receipt of copy of matter to be inserted.

TUESDAY, JANUARY 25.

Mr. Croker is managing Tammany and Greater New York without any help. Mr. Croker is a great man.

GOVERNOR PINCKNEY asserts that he is not proud of the Republican party. Certainly the Republican party is not proud of Pinckney. Honors seem to be easy.

The Populists are to start an organ in Chicago that is to have 100 editors. The Pops seem to have forgotten that it is true, that too many cooks spoil the broth.

A CERTAIN affidavit in the possession of the NEW MEXICAN as to the attempted assassination of Republican members of the legislature in January 1891 will prove of great interest one of these days.

The free silverites in the Kentucky legislature are calling on Senator Lindsay to resign his seat. The senator retorts by saying that the fool killer would find a lucrative and busy job in that body. The people at large are on the side of the senator and believe as he does.

Or the taxes of 1896 collectable during the year 1897 in the county of San Miguel, supposed to be one of the richest counties in the territory, but 46 per cent were collected. The charge that there is a ring of bondholders in that county, that is manipulating taxes and tax payments and collections, seems to be borne out by facts. An investigation both by the executive and the courts is in order.

The senate committee on judiciary yesterday reported the nomination of Wm. J. Mills to be chief justice of the Territorial Supreme court favorably and confirmation will follow speedily. And now it is in order for the renegades and the four by nine statesmen who have opposed Judge Mills' appointment, to fall over each other in shouting that they have supported the judge for appointment from the very year 1.

The law directs that all real estate upon which taxes are due on the 1st of January of each year, shall be advertised for sale and shall be sold for taxes. The law gives the county collector and the board of county commissioners no alternative in this matter. It is mandatory and the collector and the boards of county commissioners should carry out the law, regardless of who likes it or who dislikes it. Laws are made to be carried out.

The Socorro Advertiser has this to say on the burning question of the collection of taxes for the support of the territorial, county and municipal governments:

The NEW MEXICAN very properly urges the collection of the taxes levied for the maintenance of the territorial and county government, but probably overlooks the fact that the largest portion of the uncollected taxes is due from the owners of land grants, who are unusually confirmed tax dodgers, and that under the present law it is very difficult to enforce the collection. The way to enforce the collection of taxes against the big grant holders is to enact a law enabling the counties to cut the grants into small tracts and sell sufficient to satisfy the taxes.

The Advertiser does not suggest the proper remedy as to the collection of taxes due on land grants. No law of the kind as suggested is necessary. The present law is strong enough and good enough if enforced. Land grants can not run away and taxes due on them can easily be collected, if collectors and boards of county commissioners will but do their duty.

## Freedom Not the Cause.

President Winston, of the Texas State University, recently made a speech in regard to the record of crimes in the United States, which has attracted much attention, because of the comparison made between the morals of the negroes and the whites. He comes to the conclusion that, according to statistics, there is considerably more criminality among the negroes than among the white population, and the conclusion which some people seem inclined to draw from this is that freedom has not done the negro much good. But statistics are curious things, and they can be made to lie with an ease and celerity which would surprise their best friends. There are some other things to be taken into account here besides freedom.

One is the convict lease system, which prevails in many of the southern states. Under this system during the last 30 years, for instance three negro boys, one of them 11 years old, were sentenced to work in the coal mines, underground, during the remainder of their lives. Their crime was setting fire to an alley building, the

small boy being detailed to watch for policemen at the entrance to the alley. This case was brought into prominence not long ago by the fact that the youngest of the boys received a pardon for good conduct, after serving 22 years, during which time he never saw a ray of light. When he returned to the upper air he had forgotten how to talk anything but the peculiar gibberish of the mines. The other boys had died. This may have been an extreme case, but a case considerably short of the extreme would result in the total demoralization of the average boy, white or black. The negro boy, when serving a jail sentence, is brought into association with the most depraved and vicious white men, and when he is let out he is in a fair way to become a habitual criminal.

Another cause of great difference in the moral bearings of the two races is the inadequate accommodations of the prisons and jails in some of the southern states resulting in young and old criminals being herded together, although there is here and there a reform school for white boys, the reform school for negro boys is almost an unknown institution. Some of these prisons and jails are academies of crime, and the petty criminal confined in them for a year or two becomes a habitual criminal when he is let out. Not very long ago, in a Washington court, a negro was sent to the penitentiary for two years on a charge of stabbing another negro. Two days later a white man, arrested on an almost precisely similar charge, was fined \$20. It would be idle to say that white juries are invariably prejudiced against negro criminals, but that there is a certain amount of prejudice which increases the negro population of the jails and penitentiaries compared with the white population, it would be equally idle to deny. And anybody who has devoted a little time to the study of human nature knows that a man has two or three times as good a chance to keep out of prison if he has never been there, as he has after even a short term for a trifling offense inside the walls of a jail. These things may have something to do with the statistics which Mr. Winston, of Texas, quotes with such remarkable effect.

## Prosperity Will Continue.

The business interests of the country will not be troubled with unsettling legislation regarding the currency during the present year, and there is that much to be thankful to congress for.

The senate, by a vote of 41 yeas to 25 nays, decided to take up the Teller resolution, and next Thursday is the day fixed upon for the final vote upon the measure in that body. The resolution is nothing new, being an exact copy of the Stanley Matthews resolution which passed both houses in 1878, and is therefore the law of the land, without further action. It provides that the government can pay its debts in gold, or silver at its option. On Saturday an amendment was offered, which reads: "And it is the duty of the United States government under the existing laws to maintain the parity in value of its gold and silver money, so that a dollar of one metal shall for all monetary purposes be equal in value to a dollar of the other metal." The amendment will doubtless be adopted, and the resolution as amended will pass the senate. Its force and effect will go no further. The house will not pass it, and the much talked about financial row in congress will fall of accomplishment. True, the senators and congressmen will be "placed on record," but that amounts to nothing, and will be forgotten in less than two months.

On the other hand, any measure modeled upon the plan Mr. Gage has worked out for the reform of the currency, which may pass the house, and it is highly improbable that an act of that kind can succeed in that body, will meet its death in the senate. Thus it appears that the predictions made at the opening of the second session of the Fifty-fifth congress, that no legislation on the currency question can be accomplished, will be fulfilled. Under existing conditions it is better so. The government is maintaining the parity of gold and silver coin, the purchasing power of the one being equal to that of the other, and trade conditions will suffer no set-back from disastrous attempts to change monetary standards. Of course this will not please the free silver men, neither will it suit the purposes of the so-called gold bugs, but it will prove satisfactory to the great masses of the people, and that after all is the aim and object of a republican form of government.

With the tariff and monetary systems settled for three years to come, the business interests of the country will prosper. Capitalists will have no fear of uncertainties; promoters and business men will know on what ground they stand, and the healthy prosperity which began last summer will continue. In the meantime the battle between the white and yellow metals will continue, not only in this country, but the world over, and the laws of supply and demand will provide a solution of the money question.

## The Boodle Gang in San Miguel County.

The NEW MEXICAN was very unkind to insinuate that some of the officials here are speculating in county securities, and has been warned that it is none of its business. Of course not, and it should let the boys alone, as they are doing well and don't want to be bothered by such remarks.—Las Vegas Examiner.

## Proposes to Make It Lively

The Santa Fe NEW MEXICAN is giving attention to the collection of taxes due in Santa Fe county. It proposes to make it lively for somebody if the taxes are not collected as they should be.—San Juan Index.

## NEW MEXICO COMMISSIONERS

### DELEGATION TO LOOK OVER THE GROUNDS.

L. Bradford Prince Talks About the Resources and Plans of the Territory for a General Exhibit.

(Omaha Bee.)

Ex-Governor L. Bradford Prince of Santa Fe, N. M., vice president of the exposition for that state and a member of the New Mexico exposition commission, arrived in the city this morning as the advance guard of a committee delegated to come to Omaha and make arrangements for space for an exhibit of the resources of that territory. The other two members of the committee, Major W. H. H. Llewellyn and J. J. Leeson, are expected to arrive in a few days.

Governor Prince is a most enthusiastic supporter of the exposition and he hopes to have his section represented in a manner commensurate with its resources. "We regard this exposition as the opportunity of a lifetime for our territory," said he in a conversation this morning. "It is to be held in the very heart of the section of country from which we hope to draw a large population and we believe we can derive more benefit from participation in this exposition than from any position that has been held in the country. Our legislature made but a small appropriation, only \$1,300, and we will endeavor to supplement this by private contributions, to enable a good showing to be made."

"We will make a good showing on agricultural products and will probably surprise some people who have not looked into our resources. At Chicago we took in the prize for a large population with the world on wheat and were awarded the prize for the best oats in competition with all sections in America. Horticulture is our strongest point, however. We raise all the temperate zone fruits, from apricots and plums to winter apples. We will also make a fine showing on sugar beets. I realize that Nebraska is a sugar producing state, but when I say that our beets grade very high I am prepared to produce the proofs. On account of the dryness of our climate and the amount of sunshine in the state, we grade 22 per cent, which is a very high percentage. "In minerals we will make a fine showing with the specimens from our turquoise mines, the only ones in the United States, and the finest mines in the world. We will also show gold, silver, copper and lead and other commercial ores."

## The Land of Sunshine.

New Mexico is becoming properly known as "the land of sunshine." There are very few days in the year when clouds obstruct the sun's rays. Sunshine is conducive to the health and growth of both human and plant life. It is the sunshine, the genial, beneficent, life infusing warmth and light from heaven, that makes this the most productive and healthful portion of the world.—San Juan County Times.

## Refutation Unnecessary.

The Argus has taken no note of the criticisms upon Governor Otero, the officers of the Roswell land office and other territorial officials by the Current, of this place. The partisan tendencies and violent prejudices of the paper are well known. Refutations are, therefore, unnecessary. Governor Otero is well known to the people of New Mexico, whose facts render harmless the Current's expostulations.—Eddy Argus.

## A Rank Outrage on the Honest Taxpayer.

Collector Brown has just informed us that the commissioners, at their last meeting instructed him that hereafter all penalties on taxes of every kind are to be abated and authorized him to receive in full for taxes no matter how long delinquent without exacting any penalty whatever. This is the rankest kind of injustice, in fact an outrage to the people of this county who pay their taxes when they should. It puts a premium on the non payment of taxes, and those who have paid taxes and penalty should call on the commissioners to refund the amounts paid as penalty.—San Juan County Index.

How a person can gain a pound a day by taking an ounce of Scott's Emulsion is hard to explain, but it certainly happens.

It seems to start the digestive machinery working properly. You obtain a greater benefit from your food.

The oil being predigested, and combined with the hypophosphites, makes a food tonic of wonderful flesh-forming power.

All physicians know this to be a fact.

All druggists, 50c. and \$1.00. SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

## PLEADINGS AND PRACTICE

(Forms to conform to Code) Patterson's Forms of Pleading, under the Missouri Code, have been placed with the New Mexican Printing Co. for sale. A complete and comprehensive book of forms, adopted to the new Code of Civil Procedure now in effect in New Mexico. Part I. Ordinary Proceedings in Courts of Record. Part II. Attachments, Certiorari, Detachment, Habeas Corpus, Injunction, Mandamus, Motion, Writ of Habeas Corpus, Quo Warranto and Replevin, and 3. Miscellaneous, Covering Advertisements, Arbitration, Arbitration, Assignments, Depositions, Naturalizations, etc., etc. Bound in full law sheep. Delivered at any postoffice in New Mexico upon receipt of publisher's price \$3.00. Purchaser's name printed on the book free of cost. Address New Mexican Printing Company, Santa Fe, N. M.

## HIS GRIEVANCE.

His Name Was Xerxes, and It Had Been Basely Tarnished With.

"Mad, sir—mad! I'm mad clear through!" It was evident to the lawyer that he was on the verge of securing a good slander or personal damage suit, and he invited the stranger to be seated.

"Mad!" said the stranger. "I'm mad enough to eat bessemer steel. I'm mad enough to put this case through if it costs me all of \$15."

"I infer," said the lawyer, "that some one has wronged you."

"Wronged me?" roared the stranger. "He's made a monkey of me! I tell you, sir, he's made me look like a blooming idiot. He's given the public a wrong impression of my mental strength and the educational advantages of my youth, and I want to make him sweat for it."

"Tell me about it," said the lawyer. "and we will see what can be done."

"It all hinges on my middle name," explained the stranger, "and that name is Xerxes. Now, I am not prepared to deny that that is more or less of a fool name for any one to carry around at this period of the world's history, but I can't see that I'm to blame for it."

"Certainly not," asserted the lawyer. "Just because my parents were foolish enough to give me that kind of a name is no reason why every one I meet should think he has a license to have fun with me, and I am entitled to the protection of the law, as I figure it."

"Most assuredly."

"Then it's a cinch I'll get big damages," said the stranger with every evidence of satisfaction at the prospect. "You see, my full name is John X. Jones, and, of course, I don't use the middle name."

"Of course not."

"I just write it John X. Jones, and that's the way I put it on a big petition that is being circulated."

"What has that to do with your suit for damages?"

"Why, the big, lumbering idiot I want to sue came along and wrote 'his' above the 'X,' and 'mark' below it, and I'm either going to have him arrested or he's going to have a case of assault and battery against me."—Chicago Post.

## Reflections of a Bachelor.

Some girls' faces can beat any chaperon out of the business.

A woman always has a lot of funny ideas about men which she is ashamed to tell her husband about.

Xanth's wife probably insisted on having five persons in the car, even though there were only two flies aboard.

If the women had their way, the men would be like horses. When a horse is going to shy, you can tell it by his ears.

No woman can see how her husband can be lost when she knows that there are such lots of men that are so much worse than he is.

When you go driving with a girl and she asks if she can hold the reins, I wonder why she most always asks you if it doesn't seem funny not to have anything to do with your hands.—New York Press.

## A Tribute.

"She has a wonderfully forgiving nature," said one young woman. "I offended her unintentionally, and when I spoke to her about it she said she was perfectly willing to overlook the past."

"Yes," replied Miss Cayenne. "That is a quality of hers."

"What?"

"Overlooking the past. She says that she is only 28 years of age."—Washington Star.

## He Had a Record.

A party who was bargaining for a mule in southwest Georgia asked the youth who owned the mule:

"Is he a good, lively creature?"

"I reckon he air," replied the young man. "He kicked dad through a circus tent, broke Uncle Bill's leg in two places and threw a preacher three times on a Sunday mornin'."—Atlanta Constitution.

## A Little Of.

Professor Shore is very absentminded. He was on a steamboat that went down. He swam to the shore, but immediately returned and saved his wife. When he was asked why he didn't take his wife with him when he first swam to land, he replied:

"How could I? I had first to save myself."—New York Sunday World.

## A Paradox.

Bumby D'Way—Jays dere ain't goin' ter be no free soup dis winter.

Count D'Espere—Dat so? Say, dere's someth'ing wrong with de hull economic system. It seems ter me dat de hardest times come right when we haveavin vot de papers calls prosperity.—New York Truth.

## Force of Habit.

She—You say I am the only woman you have ever loved?

He—I do, with all my heart.

She—And you really know why you say that?

He—Certainly. From force of habit.—Richmond Dispatch.

## Tis For Tat.

A priest met one day a lady whose spiritual condition, in his opinion, was not satisfactory, and greeted her with, "Good morning, daughter of the evil one."

"Good morning, father," was the smart reply.—Louisville Courier-Journal.

## Uncle Eben's Wisdom.

"It's so seldom," said Uncle Eben, "dat a man jays pubeeds along tryin' ter do 'is honest' duty, dat when he does folks goes ter greasin' an 'epictonia' dat he's playin' a mighty sly game."—Washington Star.

## Unsafe.

First Nurse—I'm afraid I can't come with you tomorrow.

Second Nurse—Why not?

"Well, I don't like to leave the baby with its mother."—Brooklyn Life.

## A Reason.

Druggist—I think we ought to sell bicycles.

Assistant—Why?

Druggist—Nearly all the doctors prescribe them.—Nuggets.

## Its Location.

"Kansas City has a street called Petticoat land."

"Somewhere about the outskirts, I suppose."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

## The Evil Spirit.

Her dream of love, so bright and fair, An evil spell has snatched.

In fact, no spell could be worse Than letters that he wrote.

—Detroit News

## Illustrated Special Edition

## New Mexican

Can be had by applying at this office. It is full of matter describing the mineral, agricultural, horticultural and all the varied resources of New Mexico. Just the thing to send any one inquiring about or interested in the territory. Price 10 cents, wrapped and mailed, for 11 cents.

## SOCIETIES.

Montezuma Lodge No. 1, A. F. & A. M. Regular communication first Monday in each month at Masonic Hall at 7:30 p. m. F. S. DAVIS, W. M. J. B. BRADY, Secretary.

Santa Fe Chapter No. 1, R. A. M. Regular convocation second Monday in each month at Masonic Hall at 7:30 p. m. JAMES B. BRADY, H. P. ARTHUR SELIGMAN, Secretary.

Santa Fe Commandery No. 1, K. T. Regular convocation fourth Monday in each month at Masonic Hall at 7:30 p. m. MAX FROST, E. C.

ADDISON WALKER, Recorder.

## I. O. O. F.

PARADISE LODGE No. 2, I. O. O. F. meets every Thursday evening at Odd Fellows' hall, visiting patriarchs welcome. THOMAS A. GOODWIN, C. P. A. F. EASLEY, Secretary.

CENTENNIAL ENCAMPMENT No. 3, I. O. O. F. Regular communication the second and fourth Tuesday of each month at Odd Fellows' hall; visiting patriarchs welcome. THOMAS A. GOODWIN, C. P. A. F. EASLEY, Secretary.

MYRTLE REBEKAH LODGE, No. 9, I. O. O. F. Regular meeting first and third Tuesday of each month at Odd Fellows' hall. Visiting brothers and sisters welcome. THURSDA NEWELL, Noble Grand. HATTIE WAGNER, Secretary.

AZTELAN LODGE No. 3, I. O. O. F. meets every Friday evening in Odd Fellows hall, San Francisco street. Visiting brothers welcome. NATE GOLDBERG, N. G. A. F. EASLEY, Secretary.

## K. O. F. P.

SANTA FE LODGE No. 2, K. O. F. P. Regular meeting every Tuesday evening at 7:30 o'clock at Castle hall. Visiting knights given a cordial welcome. R. H. ROWLES, C. C. LEE MUEHLBACH, K. of R. & S.

## INSURANCE.

S. E. LANKARD, Insurance Agent, Office: Griffin Building, Palace avenue. Represents the largest companies doing business in the territory of New Mexico, in both life, fire and accident insurance.

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D. W. MANLEY, Dentist, Office, Southwest Corner of Plaza, over Fischer's Drug Store.

## ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

MAX FROST, Attorney at Law, Santa Fe, New Mexico.

GEO. W. KNAEDEL, Office in Griffin Block. Collections and searching titles a specialty.

EDWARD L. BARTLETT, Lawyer, Santa Fe, New Mexico. Office in Catron Block.

CHAS. F. EASLEY, (Late Surveyor General.) Attorney at Law, Santa Fe, N. M. Land and mining business a specialty.

E. A. FISKE, Attorney and Counselor at Law, P. O. Box 22, Santa Fe, New Mexico. Practices in Supreme and all District Courts of New Mexico.

T. F. CONWAY, W. A. HAWKINS, CONWAY & HAWKINS, Attorneys and Counselors at Law, Silver City, New Mexico. Prompt attention given to all business entrusted to our care.

A. B. RENEHAN, Attorney at Law. Practices in all Territorial Courts, Commissioner Court of Claims. Collections and title searching. Rooms 8 and 9 Spiegelberg Block.

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THE CONTENT OF "SUGAR in the beet" of the crop grown in the Eddy and Roswell sections of the valley has proven to be more uniformly high than any other part of the United States.

FORTUNATELY the land is blessed with just the fertility to produce high grade beets, and

MORE FORTUNATELY the Peccos Irrigation and Improvement Co. and the Roswell Land and Water Co. have an irrigation system of great magnitude, covering a vast body of the BEST SUGAR BEET lands on earth. The water is applied to the crop WHEN NEEDED.

THE SUN SHINES more hours in the day and more days in the year in Eddy and Roswell counties, New Mexico, than in any other section of the west.

GOOD SOIL makes the seed germinate.

WATER makes the plant grow.

SUNLIGHT puts the sugar in the BEET.

THE ONLY THING left to be desired that the Peccos Valley has not on hand in abundance is PEOPLE. We need thrifty farmers; 500 heads of families each on a 40-acre farm.

NO FAIRER terms or conditions of sale of beet and fruit lands were ever made.

WRITE for particulars.

THE SUGAR BOWL OF THE GREAT SOUTHWEST

Is the Rich Valley of the Life Peccos.

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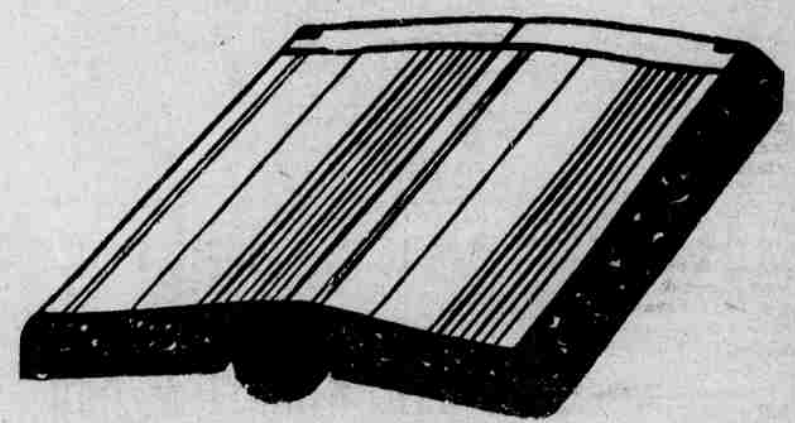
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The New Mexican Printing Company desires to state that it is making a specialty of its celebrated FREY'S PATENT FLAT OPENING BLANK BOOK. Rule them to order. Can give you the finest kind of binding, both for durability and finish, and it is the sole makers.



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Of all kinds done with neatness and despatch. Carry a large and complete line of commercial stationery consisting of wedding cards, business cards, programs, etc.

## BOOK WORK

This is the best equipped establishment in the whole southwest for this line of work, and our unequalled facilities enable us to turn out work at the lowest possible figures.

## LEGAL BLANKS

Carry a full and complete line of all Legal Blank, including those required by the Brand Law enacted by the last legislature.

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## COAL & TRANSFER, LUMBER AND FEED.

All kinds of Rough and Finished Lumber; Texas Flooring at the lowest Market Price; Windows and Doors. Also carry on a general Transfer Business and deal in Hay and Grain.

## CHAS. W. DUDROW, Prop

184 separate analysis, chiefly carload lots, showed AN AVERAGE of 17.01 per cent sugar in beet; 84.1 per cent purity.

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